the "incorporated pirates" who had raided the treasury of the reads during the last thirty years. A long controversy followed over the question of whether the bill would extinguish the debt in fifty years. Mr. Keilly,

who was standing close to Mr. Breckin-ridge, was so emphatic in his gesticulations while speaking that some of the members crowded about, and the galleries craned their necks thinking they were to witness a repetition of the Heard-Breckinridge row of yesterday.

Mr. Maguire (Cal.) declared that the payments under this bill would aggregate annually 4 1-2 per cent on the debt, and hav-ing paid that percentage for fifty years the bers of the committee, but it was true, and he would prove it.

An Attempt to Extend the Debute. At this point an attempt was made to extend debate on the bili until Monday or Tuesday. The leaders on both sides agreed that it was necessary to the intelligent understanding of the bill, but Mr. Lane (Ill.) objected, and Mr. Lockwood (N. Y.) de-

manded the regular order. Mr. Maguire accordingly proceeded, devoting most of his time to the discussion of the frauds by which Huntington, Crocker, Stanford and Hopkins, as directors, turned over to themselves, as stockholders, \$62,-

If Warren Hastings had been manipulating the road he would have been more considerate than those four men. They bonded the California and Oregon, built out of the funds of Central Pacific, for \$11,000,000 and turned every dollar of it into their own pockets. The time was at hand when these men or their estates could be reached. Fifteen millions of Huntington's money and \$15,000,000 of the estate of Leland Stanford could be secured. Fifteen millions of the satisfy the statutory obligation. The main

erty by operation of the law.

Mr. Weadock (Mich.), in reply, reiterated the assertion made previously in the debate that the bill reserved all the rights and remedies against the "Big Four." bill, he said, presented a reasonable and business-like method of collecting the debt due from the roads.

Mr. Terry's Amendment.

Mr. Terry (Ark.) offered an amendment requiring the holders of the first mortgage bonds to waive their priority in favor of the United States when the companies make provision for the payment of the first mortgage bonds as required, before the companies shall have the benear of the act. Mr. Reilly denied the assertion that the amount of payments by the Rellly bill did not equal the interest on the debt for fifty

years at 5 per cent.
Mr. Beltzhover (Pa.) replied that the effeet of the bill was to extend the debt fifty years, at 5 per cent, and release the corporations from paying the principal. The government's selfishness as a creditor should not allow it to compound a felony in its capacity as a sovereign.

In reply to a question from Mr. Black (Ga.), Mr. Reilly said that there was danger that the government would lose every dollar if some adjustment was not made. If this happened Corgress would be re-

BROKE THE DOOR.

Judge Miller Arbitrates'a Lively Dis-

There was a lively scene in the boarding house of Charles Burnham and his wife, Minerva Burnham, 42 Grant place, yesterday, where Mr. Dennis Canty of the interstate commerce commission had a suite of rooms. Some time ago Mr. Canty gave notice to the landlord that he was going to leave the house, and it is alleged that Mr. Burnham wanted them to move earlier than : the time they had fixed. There were other questions to be settled between them, but they were unable to adjust their differences se of vesterday's trouble the mat ter was referred to Judge Miller for set-

the order of the attending physician she has not been moved, although she was under no obligation to leave, as Mr. Canty claims there was no question of rent mon-ey. On part of the Burnhams it is claimed thrown garbage and slops in the yard until the health officials have served notic on them. The invalid was in bed vesterday morning about 11 o'clock when Mr. and Mrs. Burnham appeared, so it is charged, and the scene resulted in changing her for the worse .. on behalf of the Cartys that the Burnhams the floor and removed the furniture. One pillow, it was charged, was taken from the sick woman's ted. The outer doors were locked, and one of Mrs. Canty's servants had to jump out the window to go for the husband of the invalid. There was evidence to the effect that both Mr. Burn-ham and his wife had their hands on Mrs. she never before saw such brutality.

Lawyer Carrington appeared as counsel for Mr. Canty, but Mrs. Burnham thought she did not need counsel. She did the talking for her husband and herself and acted the part of counsel, examining all the wit-

The charge against the Burnhams was assault on the invalid, and Mr. Canty was charged with having broken the door to

get in the house. When the court had heard Mr. Canty's side of the affair Mrs. Burnham told her story. She explained the arrangements be-tween the two families. The Cantys were to keep fire in the kitchen to supply roomers with hot water and they (the

Mrs. Burnham claimed that Mrs. Canty's servants kept the hot water drawn off and doubled the gas bill by keeping the gas burning all night. She said she wanted to get rid of the Cantys for various reasons, and so she made things as unpleasant for them as possible. She said that before attempting to take possession of the rooms yesterday she got legal advice from friends, including two justices of the peace and a

Judge Miller characterized the conduct of Mr. and Mrs. Burnham as remarkable, and said that when they entered Mr. Canty's room they were trespassers. So far feet right to break in the door.

Mr. Burnham was fined \$25 and costs and the other charges were dismissed.

THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Rumor of a Change in the Immediate

Future. It was reported at the city hall this aftermoon that the President would next that the receivers had not been acting in month appoint a successor to District At- the interest of the property. torney Birney. It was explained that the President desired that the unexpired term of four years of ex-District Attorney C. C. Cole shall be filled out by Mr. Birney. That term expires the 5th of next month, when, it was stated, the President would ame his successor. It is understood that Carrington would accept the position, although it is said that Mr. Davis is not a formal applicant for the place, Mr. Car-rington is said to be supported by the Virginia delegation and other southern mem-

DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

bers of Congress.

Wants a Permit. R. H. T. Leipold of 1300 F street write: 11-2 feet from the building line, not as far as the stone steps beneath it, nor the the projections of all kinds on the same side of the street. He asks that the necessary permit be granted to him. The mat-ter has been referred to the attorney for the District for an opinion.

Salary Fixed. The compensation of Charles G. Harris, inspector of naphtha lighting, has been

Added to List.

The Commissioners have ordered that the sewer in A street between 8th and 9th streets southeast be added to the provisional schedule of sewers to be built during the fiscal year 1896.

Indications That Yesterday's Cleveland Fire Was Incendiary.

THREE MEN WHO ACTED SUSPICIOUSLY

The Deaconess Home Was Without Fire Escapes.

POLICE ON THE LOOKOUT

CLEVELAND, Ohio, February 2.-Testimony of a most startling nature was given today at the coroner's investigation of the Deaconess Home holocaust, in which four persons lost their lives yesterday, The police have taken charge of the burned building, and a search is being made for three men who are supposed to know something about the origin of the fire.

Miss Anna Sommers, acting matron of the home, testified that an explosion took place preceding the fire, and the entire house was wrapped in smoke and flames almost instantly. She said three men had been loitering about the house for several days. When the fire broke out she rushed to the front door, and found that these same men were in the yard.

They paid no attention to her frantic ap-peals for assistance in getting out the patients. The explosion was evidently in the basement, in or near the furnace, as the registers were blown from their places. The police are very reticent, but it is evident they are working on the theory that the fire had an incendiary origin. It was shown at the investigation that the burned building was without fire escapes of any kind, in direct violation of the state

William Allmyer, one of the patients death, it was stated, was strapped to his bed when the fire broke out, be ing under treatment for a broken hip. Minnie Baumer, the brave nurse, was endeavoring to unloosen the straps which bound Allmyer when she was overcome by the smoke, and lost her life rather than desert her patient.

TRAGEDY IN A POLICE STATION. Molyoke Officer Shoots a Former Captain.

HOLYOKE, Mass., February 2.-A tragdy, which cannot be explained, occurred lis morning in the police station in this city. Officer Patrick J. Devereaux shot and mortally wounded ex-Police Capt. Maurice himself and drove a bullet through his own brain, which killed him instantly. Fenton died in a very few minutes. It is thought that Officer Devereaux had become sud-

denly insane. The affair occurred in the patrolmen's room in the city building. Fenton was eated, leaning his head against an iron pillar. As Devereaux entered he marched up to the ex-captain, drew his revolver from his hip pocket and shot him in the head, the ball striking the temple. Then, without waiting to see the result of the shot, he placed the muzzle of the weapon to his own forehead, pulled the trigger again and blew out his own brains.

The officers in the adjoining rooms heard the pistol report and quickly rushed to the Fenton was still living, though uncon-scious, and he breathed his last in a few minutes

ert existed between the two men. DID NOT HEAR DISTRESS CRIES.

Elbe Sink, They Say. ion, master of the Crathie, the steamer which is alleged to have sunk the Elbe, the man who was at the wheel of the firstnamed steamer when the collision occurred. and the members of the crew of that vessel whose watch on deck it was at the time of the accident, have been examined judicially, and they have all affirmed that they did not see the vessel with which the Crathie collided. They add that they did not see the vessel sink, and that they did not hear any cries of distress.

Miss Boecker's Tale of Inhumanity.

LONDON, February 2.-Miss Anna Boecker, the only woman saved from the North German-Lloyd steamship Elbe, in an interview, has added the following to the statements she has already made about the disaster. Miss Boecker said that when the first boat capsized she swam until she caught one of the oars of the other boat which had been launched, and then someody on board the latter craft shouted, "Push her off." She also says they tried to push her off, but she held on so firmly to the oar that she was finally pulled on board.

Continuing, Miss Boecker says officers of the Elbe miscalculated the time that the steamer could keep affoat. The skipper of the fishing smack Compe

reported that in addition to a mail bag, he saw near the scene of the collision a quantity of wreckage, apparently from a big steamer, and he picked up a platform used for painting ships' sides Messrs. Hoffmann, Schegel and Vevera, survivors of the Elbe disaster, sail for

New York today from Liverpool, on board the Cunard steamship Umbria. Emperor William has telegraphed to Mr. H. F. Foster, member of parliament for the north, or lowest of the division of Suf-folk, thanking all those concerned for their

attention to the survivors of the Elbe, and regretting that so few were saved. GREENHUT QUESTIONED.

He Tells the Court of Buying Whisky

CHICAGO, February 2.-Proceedings in the whisky trust litigation in the United States court opened with a promise of a sharp battle today. Judge Grosscup took ents that the amount and general nature the initiative. He evidently intended to of the indemnity due from Guatemala is find what foundation there was for rumors practically the only question being consid-

President Greenhut was called to the

stand as soon as court opened. Judge Grosscup said he intended to ask a tew questions before arguments for the removal of the receivership began. "Did you deal in any whisky trust stock

Monday or Tuesday?" he asked the wit-

"Yes." replied Mr. Greenhut. "Tuesday I bought between three thousand and four thousand shares on the New York stock market. I did not sell, and have the stock Receiver Lawrence, Mr. Greenhut's asso-

Attorney Levi Mayer then began his of Americans and the amount of followers argument on the motion to oust the re- that the applicants can place on the field ceivers. In court were present large numbers of persons interested in the proceedwere Messrs. Greenhut, Beggs, Hobart, expense to its treasury. present and represented by counsel.

NOT WORTH IMPROVING.

PORTLAND, Ore., February 2.-Capt. Thomas W. Symons, United States corps of ergineers, has just made an official report, in which he declares Yaquina bay, Oregon, unworthy of further improvement by the government. His opinion is indorsed by Col. George Mendell, division engineer, and Gen. Casey, chief of engineers.

In accordance with the river and harbor fixed at \$900 per annum, an increase from his allowance of \$3 per day.

An accordance with the fixed and market was taken in the United State and the state of the fight today without result. a preliminary examination of Yaquina bay. to determine what improvement could b made by increased depth. His report was forwarded to Gen. Casey, chief of engineers, through Col. Mendell. Gen. Casey forwarded them to the Secretary of War, who sent them to the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

SIGNALLACT TRIBLE CONTENTS - 4 1

No Significant Developments Today-Action Deferred Until Next Tuesday.

All Arrangements Made for an Issue of Four Per Cent Bonds-Mr. Curtis Agnin in New York.

There were no significant developments in the financial situation today, and the impression now prevails that action has been deferred until next Tuesday, when the President's cabinet will probably decide upon a course of action. Meanwhile Assistant Secretary Curtis has returned to New York for a further conference with the bankers on the subject of a government lean on a 4 per cent basis. It is understood that the proposition previously made by the bankers is not entirely acceptable to the President and that Mr. Curtis' present mission is to negotiate better terms on behalf of the government. All the necessary arrangements have been completed for a large issue of 4 per soon as satisfactory terms have been ar-

tion by Tuesday next. The gold withdrawals today were insignificant, being less than \$15,000. Currency Canvass of the Senate. Many eastern republican Senators are getting telegrams and letters from their constituents, urging them to stand by the President and lay aside party feeling and aid in passing a sound currency bill. This has impelled a canvass of the Senate by several Senators and they point out that the anti-silver men are in the minority. The canvass shows 47 for free coinage of

sliver and 39 against it.

The admission of Senators Wilson of Washington and Clarke of Montana will increase the free silver vote to 49. The following is the estimate of the free coin-

age and anti-free coinage strength: For free silver—Allen, Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Blanchard, Butler, Call, Cameron, Cockrell, Coke, Daniel, Dubois, Faulkner, George, Gordon, Hansbrough, Harris, Hunton, Irby, Jones of Arkansas, Jones of Nevada, Kyle, McLaurin, Mantle, Martin, Mills, Mitchell of Oregon, Morgan, Pasco, Peffer, Perkins, Pettigrew, Power, Pritchard Pugh, Ransom, Roach, Shoup, Squire, Stewart, Teller, Turpie, Vest, Voorhees, Walsh, White and Wolcott-47.

Against free coinage-Aldrich, Allison, Brice, Burrows, Caffery, Camden, Carey, Chandler, Cullom, Davis, Dixon, Dolph, Frye, Gallinger, Gibson, Gorman, Gray Hale, Hawley, Higgins, Hill, Hoar, Lindsay, Lodge, McMillan, McPherson, Man-derson, Mitchell of Wisconsin, Morrill, D. Fenton. He then turned the weapon on Murphy, Palmer, Platt, Proctor, Quay, himself and drove a bullet through his own Sherman, Smith, Vilas, Washburn, Wilson

The Administration Bill.

The House committee on rules has decided to give Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week for consideration of the administration financial bill, the vote to be taken Thursday afternoon.

ARCHITECT CLARK.

A Little Breeze in the Committee That Has Been Investigating Him.

ized the investigation into the affairs of the supervising architect., of the Capitol cene to ascertain the cause. They found office by members of the ventilation and Massachusetts and S. M. Stockslager, formerly commissioner of the general land ofice, who appears for Architect Clark.

Mr. Stockslager objected to Mr. Walker's The Crathie's Sailors Did Not See the mode of questioning Mr. Clark, an interruption which Mr. Walker promptly re-sented. Sharp words are said to have passed between the two, but an explanation by Mr. Stockslager seemed to satisfy Mr. Walker, which closed the incident and the investigation proceeded. Members of the ommittee say that nothing has been developed to show any willful maladministra ion of the affairs of the office, but that Architect Clark seems to be ignorant arious details of office management, with which he ought to be familiar.

ENGLAND TOO YIELDING.

The Marquis of Lorne on Dealings With the "Yankees."

LONDON, February 2.-The Marquis of Lorne has written a long article, which apnears in the Pall Mall Gazette this after-100n, on Pope's "Life of Sir John A. Macdonald." The marquis says that the author will find all he said in praise of Sir John A. Macdonald to be "echoed by all of

us who knew him." In the course of this article the Marquis of Lorne remarks: "English statesmen fear that the Yankee is always longing to twist that much twisted thing, the Lion's tail; but, only a newspaper masher writes in that tone, and the Canadians, knowing this lesire, hold their own and carry their chins as high as they like. Take the fishery question, for instance. Canada knows the value of the fisheries and desires to insist on a fair bargain with the United States on that basis of recognition of value. Great Britain is apt to write off half the value when the bargaining is being done for something that England thinks of international importance. As one of the plenipotentiaries at Washington, Sir John A. Macdonald had to constantly combat this tenlency, notably shown by the Marquis of Ripon, who was as much inclined to yield to the Americans as he was afterward anxious to surrender to the Bengali newspapers in India and to Fenian threats in

DISCUSSING THE INDEMNITY.

The Only Question Now Being Con

CITY OF MEXICO, February 2.-Minister Mariscal and President Diaz have held another consultation on the Guatemalan mat-Mexico was further discussed. Mr. Mariscal intimated to the newspaper correspondered at the present time. The Tiempo says that Guatemala has sent

a cablegram to Mexico, in which it accedes to the demands of this republic in every particular, agreeing to pay to Mexico full is demnity for all losses incurred in the invasion giving rise to the present unhappy state of affairs, but this is denied. It was hinted at the palace today that there may be a speedy outcome to the affairs now pending. A long session of repre sentatives from the various departments including the treasury branch, was held today with Gen. Ignacio Escudera, commander of the Mexican forces and chief of they could carry away their baskets. Mr. the War Department in the absence of Bailey says that when he turned the last Pedro Hinojosa. Gen. Escudera mediately left his office and held a confererce with President Diaz, but its outcome

ciate, said he neither bought nor sold any is not yet known. Summarizing the number of applications Among the directors in attendance service of Mexico, without incurring any

LONDON, February 2.-M. Henri Roche fort, proprietor of the Intransigeant of Paris, who has been exiled from France since he left that country for England, with the late Gen. Boulanger, in 1889, has having been passed by the senate and the chamber of deputies. M. Rochefort has arranged to arrive at the French capital to-

morrow. He will be accorded a most en-

thusiastic reception by his friends.

Rochefort's Return to France.

No Result at Dover. DOVER. Del., February 2.-One ballo

Fire in a Chicago Hotel. CHICAGO, February 2.-The Allen House at the stock yards caught fire this morning.

Loss, \$40,000, covered by insurance.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION THE SUFFERING POOR

Their Distress Increased by the Snow Storm Today.

Good Returns Have Been Received From the Canvassers.

CHARITABLE ORGANIZATIONS

The rooms of the central relief commit tee presented a busy aspect this morning, when the force of clerks there began to open the envelopes sent in by the canvassers. About one-half of the envelopes left by the canvassers had come in up to noon, and the returns were certainly encouraging. The full amount received from canvassers and in direct remittances to the committee reached the sum of \$6,563. This amount will be considerably increased, alwhich are expected to subscribe for the bulk of the bonds. The present hitch over hough it cannot be expected to be doubled, terms is not serious, and will probably be satisfactorily adjusted in time for final acby the other half of the reports to come in. Last year the amount collected by the general canvass of the city brought in \$13,000. The same amount can be relied upon, it is thought, this year. The conditions are changed for the work nowharder times, less money in circulation, many out of work who gave last year, and, besides all this, the greater need now had pretty well drained many sources of charty before this collection began. Besides noney, many blanks today had notices of clothing to be sent for.

These were all turned over by Mr. Wight to Mr. Lawrence Gardner, who will see that they are collected. Many who give articles in this way suppose the system of collection is so direct and perfect that a wagon ought to come immediately for their contributions. Many complain to the canvassers or to Mr. Wight. Those who are good enough to give in this way must be thoughtful enough to remember that it is a gigantic task to plan a collection like ically by routes well arranged, and by drivers well informed. Today's storm and the fact that it is Saturday, and fewer wagons are available for gathering up supplies, somewhat impede the work of olfecting.

Mr. Gardner has a careful system of preserving record of contributions, and every driver has a blank filled out with the de scription of the thing to be called for, who gives it, where it is and where it is to be taken. So, in case of any complaint, responsibility can be fixed and the error traced at once.

The Associated Charities.

Mr. Emery of the Associated Charities had a busy office this morning. The storm drove in a crowd of destitute people, who were cared for as rapidly as the force could look into their stories of distress. Before he was up this morning Policeman Lewis called at Mr. Emery's house to report four cases of need in the suburbs. Two were widows with little children, who had had no fuel for days and had at last asked for help. Before noon each had half a ton of coal at their houses. There are received branches an average, said Mr. Emery, of 475 applications of needy people who want

help.
These represent families not individuals. The office has a record of 14,000 destitute acoustic and the public buildings com-mittee, sitting jointly, was somewhat dis-of each person. The Associated Charities aid. are about. These 475 average cases daily are new ones. They repeat in about one week from the previous application. Mr. Emery says the present grisis has reached its climax. The end of winter is in sight, and there will doubtless be an early spring. But the strain now is fearful. He sent today to Mr. Wilkins of the central relief committee bills to the amount of \$987 to be

> "And that is not all of it," said Mr "We have fully \$1,000 more for which no allowance has been made, and for which we have had to use our credit and rely on future help." Mr. Emery always tries to get poor people work, and yesterday got places for 100

Busy at the Supply Depot.

The supply depot of the relief committee on Louisiana avenue was busy this morning sending out to the police stations and various substations the big lot of supplies gathered yesterday. Among them was the generous contribution of the War Depart ment clerks, amounting to several tons of food. Col. Tracey, in charge of the depot, is pushing supplies out just as fast as he can in view of the storm. He gives a large share of them to the police, so that perish able articles may get to the poor promptly and accomplish their good work in the quickest possible time.

Central Union Mission.

The Central Union Mission has received money and supplies from several sources which have enabled it to resume its relief work to a limited extent. Chief of these was the pension office contribution of about three tons of groceries and nearly \$200 in cash. It is hoped that by next week it may have resources for a more general The managers have decided to diminish the quantity of relief to each applicant except in specially urgent cases, so as to make the supply go as far as possible. The scrutiny of each case will be redoubled with a view to sifting out the most urgent cases and saving people from actual starvation. At no time has the mission been able to fully meet the demands upon it. When the work of relief as discontinued for want of funds about 400 cases had been favorably recommended by visitors who had not received assistance. There was not a day passed that hundreds of people were not turned away and their cases deferred for want of reources to meet the demands. The public has little conception of the awful destitution which is represented in the crowds Mr. Bailey says the only test of merithis winter is the evidence of actual want. It is not a question of good character or past good or bad management, but of actual need. In applying this test visitors are instructed to ascertain whether families have any income at all, and, if so, how much; also whether they are received ing aid from any other source. On these two points the investigation is careful and thorough. The mission has determined to furnish a small amount of immediate relief, such as a loaf of bread or a small sack of urgent need, and ought not to await entirely the slower process of investigation, especially when the application is indorsed by worthy citizens. This action is taken to meet those heartrending cases of actual mission has in some cases had to feed people who were fainting with hunger before crowd away with empty baskets men and women plead for just a piece of bread. Just then one of the helpers announced that a basket of sandwiches had come in, and the hungry crowd was allowed to pass through the halls, and each one was given The mission will be voted another \$500 from the central relief committee this afternoon, which increases the total amount

given that organization by the relief committee to \$2,000. The committee, in view of the storm, and that it comes just before Sunday, decided to appropriate \$3,000 this afternoon for the work of the week. The Soup Kitchen.

The Louisiana avenue soup kitchen, presided over by W. T. Crump, fed 1,600 people yesterday-mostly men, but some women, and two or three very old women, tottering and trembling in their weakness. Not a few were Grand Army men. Everybody received two plates of soup and a big hunk of bread for his ticket. The "thank ye's" and "God bless ye's" poured out on Mr. Crump were rumerous and emphatic. The kitchen opens its doors at noon and stays was taken in the United States senatorial open until 6:30, and will be open all day tomorrow. The supply of soup bones and meat comes in bountifully and will keep the kitchen running in good order all next

The soup kitchen on Louisiana avenue is much in need of cups-200 more could be About 200 guests were frightened from used, with spoons. their beds, but all escaped without injury. The Great Atlant The Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company today gave \$25 to the central relief | imum, 28.

A KNOWN QUANTITY.

It is the practice of The Star to print on Saturday a sworn statement of its circulation day by day for the preceding week. It would seem selfevident that the advertiser is entitled to this protection. Below will be found the statement for the week just

The average circulation exhibited is believed to be much more than the combined circulation of the other Washington dailies, and fully five times that of its afternoon contem-

Circulation of The "Evening Star."

SATURDAY, Jan. 26, 1895......39,773

MONDAY, Jan. 28, 1895......33,100 TUESDAY, Jan. 29, 1895......32,963 THURSDAY, Jan. 31, 1895......83,428 I solemnly swear that the above statement represents only the number of copies of THE EVEN-ING STAR circulated during the six secular days ending Friday, February 1, 1895-that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished

the office unsold. J. WHIT. HERRON,

Cashier Evening Star Newspaper Co. Subscribed and sworn to before me this second day of February, A. D. 1805. HERBERT M. LOCKE,

Notary Public, D. C.

Notice to Subscribers.

Subscribers are earnestly requested to report any irregularity in the delivery of The Star and also any failure on the part of the carrier to ring the door bell.

A proper service can only be maintained through the courtesy of subscribers in reporting shortcomings.

committee, and will give 2 per cent on all its cash sales today at all its stores and market stands. For six years the Weman's Relief Corps of the G. A. R. has looked after poor army veterans, and this winter it is doing the same work. Next Friday night, February 8, the corps will give a pound party at the headquarters, in the Atlantic building.

The Market Men's Guild.

Disconnected with every other organization of the kind in the District, the citizens, who do business in the Eastern market house have started an association. composed solely of their own number, and are using the basement of the building for storage and cooking. Their efforts are ex-clusively intended for the class of working men and their families who have been long out of employment, have exhausted people in the District So there is instant | their credit and are now forced to look to any quarter which will render temporary minutes.

So far as is known no quarrel of any turbed today by a momentarily heated collect exchange distribution and the police exchange distribution and the that. They consider the working man a guest who would return the compliment to them if matters were reversed. The the tickets of invitation. The citizens of East Washington are trying to strengthen the hands of the market men, as the donations will prove. The following was do

nated the first three days. Loaves of bread-R. E. Smith, 110; R. W. Blair, 61: M. Barber, 30: Wm. F. Arandees, 30; M. Reader, 23; J. Kraft, 50; M. Cook 15: Chas. Schrodt, 50: Richard Rathwell 50; J. G. Meinburg, 65, 100 biscuits; Levi Meredith, 50; George F. Harbin, 50. Beef-A. Loeffler, 90 pounds; J. T. Varnell, 32 bounds; P. Kenedy, flour; W. H. Mehler, soup ladles; M. Perry, boiler; M. Martin, gasoline; Harvey & Co., corn pork; Mrs. Emily Briggs, \$5. The market men have also furnished 1 barrel turnips, 5 bushels potatoes, 75 head cabbage, 245 pounds beef, 55 bunches celery, 24 cans corn and toma-toes, 57 loaves bread, 100 barley.

Quartermaster M. A. Dillon of La Fayette Post No. 20, G. A. R., has issued a stirring and feeling appeal to his comrades. He urges the members to assist in making grand success of the pound party in aid of the suffering comrades, which is posed to be given on the evening of Feb ruary 6, 8 p.m., at 610 G street northwest. Gifts yesterday to the Associated Charities direct were: Mrs. M. E. Morgan, \$15 Wales Hubbard, \$2; M. D. Peck, \$5; Virginia S. W. Fox, \$50; Dr. Roeber, \$3; E. H. Booth, \$1; A. T. Britton, \$10; John F Ellis, \$10; J. A. Dribble, \$10; Mrs. F. J Huntley, \$5; James W. Loundes, \$25; Miss L. M. Powers, \$5; 280 loaves of bread, Bullard's Obelisk Flour Company; T. H. Alexander, \$2; Mrs. W. Pitkin, \$5; Mary A. Cushing, \$25; Noble D. Larner, \$10. Mrs. Adele Keane of 1229 Pennsylvania avenue will give 20 cents on the dollar to

the poor from the proceeds of all sales of her stock of ladies' furnishings for the next thirty days.

Poor Women Out of Work. Mrs. La Fetra of the W. C. T. U. estimates that the smallpox scare threw large numbers of colored washwomen out of work-probably as many as 2,000-and from inquiry at Woodward & Lothrop's, Lansburgh's and the Palais Royal, believes there are upward of 500 girls anxicus to get work as saleswomen at \$2.59 or \$3 a week. Others say this is far below the actual number of unemployed girls,

Sewing Work Given. Mrs. Michael, who receives a great many of the petitioners at the Central Union Mission, said yesterday that twenty-five to thirty new cases apply during the month. There are a great many who want who do not call at the mission, but who are known there. Only recently the mis sion gave sewing work to seventy-seven deserving cases. These, with those who applied for work other than in sewing for the past two months, alone number nearly 200. The sewing work is, of course, only a temporary relief. There is a large number of women who, by reason of their in-cumbrances, cannot leave home to work even if they got it to do. A conservative estimate gives this number as fully 1,000. Mr. Flack of the Hope and Help Mission says that on an average forty-five month come there to stay for a while and others applied who could not be accomm This class does not go elsewhere so that there is no possible duplication the numbers. They are all women out of work and who would accept it if they could get it. It is not easy to estimate the whole

FINANCE AND TRADE

Small Volume of Business in Wall Street Today.

EFFECT OF THE COMING BOND ISSUE

Outlook is Declared to Be Decidedly Encouraging.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

NEW YORK, February 2.-Opening prices this morning were about on a parity with those recorded at the close of yesterday's business and were but little changed by the small volume of business which characterized the day's operations. The Londen market holds well under assurances that the bond issue will dispose of all apprehension relative to the maintenance of a geld standard.

There were no new-developments at Washington, but the street is confident that the exact terms and conditions of the new loan will be announced not later than or mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide Monday. In view of this fact traders were disposed to curtail their operations until purchasers or subscribers, and that none of the some official statement is made by the copies so counted were returned to or remain if authorities in charge of the preliminaries. Rumors that the bonds will bear interest at the rate of 31-2 per cent instead of 4 had a tendency to disconcert traders, as the latter rate had been regarded as assured. The outlook at the close of the week is decidedly encouraging, however, and all uneasiness relative to the currency agitation has been dispelled for the time being, at least.

The manifest willingness on the part of

the treasury officials to co-operate with and to consider the propositions of the local banks is construed to be a sufficient guarantee that no bonds will be issued in any way repugnant to the wishes of those on whom the success of the loan depends.

The railway list was practically without feature during the entire morning, owing to the narrow trading of the room ele-ment. In no instance was any change worthy of analysis recorded. The short interest has been greatly reduced during the last forty-eight hours, and in the absence of cutside interest the market has lost a

valuable element of support.

The bond issue will be used to profitable advantage by the believers in higher prices, but the rally is, from surface conditions, likely to prove only transitory. Short selling and realizing operations at the advance will check the upward movement before any remarkable progress has been made. In the industrial group Chicago Gas was

a favorite with brokers and traders close to the purposes of the new interests. Yes-terday's assurances of an early settlement of the western situation were renewed this morning, and unless some unforeseen obstacle arises it will not be surprising to hear of a change in the management of this property early next week. Representatives of the Standard Oil inter-

gained by the recent injunction and all egal objections are now believed to have seen satisfactorily and effectually over-General Electric sold up 1 per cent in the first hour on an evening up of traders' contracts at the close of the week, but the higher level led to a revival of the selling movement, the wisdom of which it

ests have been constantly at work on a

plan to defeat the object sought to be

Court's decision next Monday. National Lead was weak at a reduction of 11-4 per cent, the intention to further The best information obtainable on this roperty is thoroughly inconsistent with he prevailing tendency of the stock. Large assets, no debts and assurance

continued dividends avail nothing, how-

is hoped will be sustained by the Supreme

ever, and for some unexplained motive lower prices are feared, as well as preprices on a fair volume of business. The bank statement, as foreshadowed yesterday, reflects a less of over \$12,000,-(w) to the banks, all in legal tenders. These notes have been paid into the subtreasury during the week in exchange for gold. This hange has brought about a similar reduction in denosits and a decrease of over

\$0,000,000 in the reserve, reducing that item to \$36 750 000 The small increase in loans is unimport ant. The statement in detail follows: Reserve decreased, \$9,128,950; loans increased, \$186,800; specie increased, \$379,900; legals decreased, \$12,645,700; deposits decreased,

\$12.547.400, and circulation increased.\$51,000. FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The following are the opening, the high est and the lowest and the closing prices of the New York stock market today, as reorted by Corson & Macartney, members New York stock exchange, Messrs. Moore & Schley, No. 80 Broadway Stocks Open. High. Low Close

American Sugar...

American Sugar Pfd. American Topacco 94% Atchison Canada Southern..... 49% Canada Pacific...... Chesapeake and Ohio.. C., C., C. and St. L..... Chicago, B. and Q..... Chic.and Northwestern. C., M. and St. Paul Pfd. Chicago Gas ... Chic., R.I. and Pacific... Del., Lack. and W Den. and R. Grande Pfd Dis.and Cattle Feeding. General Electric..... 29% 30% 89 89 188% 138% llinois Central..... Lake Shore..... Long Island Traction... Metropolitan Traction.. Manhattan Elevated... dichigan Central..... Missouri Pacific...... National Lead Co..... J. S. Cordage Co. J. S. Cordage Co. Pfd., ... New Jersey Central ... 8834 New York Central ... 100 N. Y. and N. E. Cfs Y., C. and St. Louis .. Northern Pacific 3 Northern Pacific Pfd... 16½ North American North American
Ont. and Western...
Pacific Mail...
Phila. and Reading...
Pullman Pal. Car Co... outhern Railway..... Phila. Traction.... Texas Pacific Wabash. Wabash Pfd. Wabash Pfd.... Wheeling and L. Erie... Wheeling and L. E. Pfd. Western Union Tel....

Washington Stock Exchange. Sales-regular call-12 o'clock m.-American Security and Trust 5s, \$400 at 100. Washington Gas,

onsin Central.....

work 3nd who would accept it if they could get it. It is not easy to estimate theswhole number of this class, perhaps impossible, but there are at least 100 of them now in need.

At the Wimodaughsis there are numerous calls for work, but no record is kept of the callers.

At the close of the last report of the Associated Charities the number of applications for work were 557, and for the last two months there have been 163, making a total of 720 persons, of whom not less than 500 were women, asking for work. There are no duplicate calls on this list. The great number of appeals for two months of the present year at the Associated Charities shows that there is every prospect of a continued increase of applications. It can safely be estimated that for the three months there will have been 300 applications from women alone to the Associated Charities.

Unusual Snowfall at Petersburg.**

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

PETERSBURG, Va., February 2.—A heavy snowstorm has prevailed here since early this morning. This is the third rnowstorm in Petersburg this week, and it has suggested to one clergyman the theme for a special sermon tomorrow—"The Voice of the sales are an at 12 to 12 and 12 asked. Traders."

Linear At the Wimodaughsis there are numerous is an at 11 bid. 111½ asked. U. S. 4s. coupon, 111 bid, 111½ asked. U. S. 4s. coupon, 112 bid, 115½ asked. Metropolitan Raliroad conv. 6s, 23, 137 bid, 140 asked. Metropolitan Raliroad conv. 6s. 26, 103 bid. U. S. Electric Light conv. 5s. 130 bid. U. S. Elec ortiy and 17484 814.

9 at 4814; 1 at 4814.

Government Bonds.—U. S. 4s, registered, 111 bid, 11114.

1111/10 reked. U. S. 4s, coupon, 111 bid, 11114.

*47% bid, 48% asked. Georgetown Gas, 50 bid, 60 asked. U. S. Electric Light, 130 bid, 133 asked. Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 35 bid, 41 asked. Franklin, 45 bid, 55 asked. Metropolitan, 70 bid. Corcoran, 55 bid. Potomac, 68% bid. Arilugton, 150 bid. German-American, 170 bid. National Union, 13% bid, 55 asked. Columbia, 13% bid, 15 asked. Riggs, 74 bid, 7% asked. People's, 5½ bid, 5% asked. Lincoin, 7% bid, 8 asked. Commercial, 4 bid. on, 5% asked. Lincoin, 7% bid, 8 asked. Commercial, 4 bid.

Title Insurance Stocks.—Real Estate Title, 105 bid, 115 asked. Columbia Title, 7% bid, 7% asked. Washington Title, 4 bid, 5% asked. District Title, 10 bid.

10 bid.

Telephone Stocks.—Pennsylvania, 37 bid, 50 asked.
Chesapeake and Potomac, 50 bid, 52½ asked.
American Graphophone, 3½ bid, 5 asked. Pneumatic Gun Carriage, 25 bid, 35 asked.
Miscellaneous Stocks.—Washington Market, 15 bid. Great Falls Ice, 133 bid, 143 asked. Bull Run Panorama, 12½ bid, 20 asked. Lincoln Hall, 80 bid. Inter-Ocean Building, 80 asked.

*Ex div.

Baltimore Markets.

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Baltimore, February 2.—Flour dull, unchanged—receipts, 8,607 barrels; shipments, 43,610 barrels; sales, 280 barrels. Wheat steady—spot and month, 555;a55%; March, 565;a56%; May, 5835½; steamer No. 2 red, 52%;a52%—receipts, 41,930 bushels; shipments, 36,000 bushels; stock, 813,479 bashels; sales, 51,000 bushels; southern wheat by sample, 55357; do. on grade, 53%;a56%. Corn steady—spot and month, 45445%; March, 45½;a45%; May, 46%; bid; steamer mixed, 44444%—receipts, 13,276 bushels; shipments, 94,114 bushels; stock, 601,342 bushels; shipments, 94,114 bushels; stock, 601,342 bushels; shipments, 94,114 bushels; stock, 601,342 bushels; sales, 20,000 bushels; southern white corn, 46a 46%; do, yellow, 45½;a46%. Oats quiet and steady—No. 2 white western, 36a36%; No. 2 mixed, 34a 34½—receipts, 9,514 bushels; stock, 212,922 bushels. Rye dail—No. 2, 56a57—receipts, 2,039 bushels; stock, 34,767 bushels. Hay firm—good to choice timothy, \$12,00a\$12.50. Grain freights firm, engagement small—steam to Liverpool per quarter, 18,64. February; Cork for orders per quarter, 2,93d, a28,1046. February. Sugar firm, unchanged. Butter and eggs steady, unchanged. Cheese firm, unchanged.

Grain and Cotton.

Cotton and grain markets, reported by W. B. Hibbs, 1421 F st., representing Hubbard, Price & Co., New York. GRAIN. Wheat—May 53½

July 54

Cern—May 43½

July 43½

Oats—May 28½

Feb 26½

Pork—May 9.997

Lard—May 6.55

Ribs—May 5.47

COTTON

Month, Onen.

Open. High: -Bow. 5.42 5.42 5.41B 5.48 5.48 5.45 5.55 5.55 5.52 5.59 5.59 5.52 SUSPECTED CASES.

smallpox Indications Being Closely Investigated.

The smallpox situation is not so bright today. Several suspected patients are being watched by the health office physicians. Last night at Providence Hospital the condition of a colored patient caused some alarm, and he was quickly removed from there to the suspect camp. His name is Thomas Keys, and he is employed at the Washington Brick Machine Company. Yesterday he was taken sick, and one of the physicians to the poor gave him a hospital permit. About 5:30 in the afternoon an ambulance of the police department, in charge of Driver Oliver, removed the man from the brick yard to the hospital, and it was not until after he had been examined that the doctors discovered conditions which rendered the nature of his ailment doubtful.

There was some little eruption about his body, and as soon as this was discovered preparations for his removal from the hospital were made. This was necessary secause there is no place at the hospital where the patient could be put in isolated quarters, and also because it was only just to the other patients that he should not be there if he had the smallpox. It was about midnight when the small-pox people called at the hospital and took

him away. He is now in the suspect camp,

and while his appearance is very suspicious

the physicians hope that his sickness is the result of something other than small-Another suspected case at No. 1227 16th street has been reported. This is the house from which the Ramsey boy was taken about two weeks ago. The patient

this time is a young girl, relative of the

There is a suspected case on New Jersey avenue northwest between D and E, where a young colored man, who has been complaining some days, shows signs of having Two other suspected cases have been re ported upon, neither patient having the

None Have It.

This afternoon at 3 o'cleck it was stated

at the health office that none of the suspects wirese cases were investigated today have the smallpox.

smallpox.

THE REASON WHY.

Maxwell Pushed Himself Ahead of Mr. Whitney in the Income Tax Case The facts which led to the resignation of Solicitor General Maxwell are gradually coming to light, and thus far they differ materially from the statements published resterday morning, Attorney General Olney, Assistant Attorney General Whitney and other officials of the Department of

It is learned, however, from other sources hat the solicitor general's conduct with reference to the income tax cases now be fore the Supreme Court was the last of acts deemed objectionable and decided Mr. Olney to take prompt action. The income tax suit begun some time ago by Mr. John G. Moore of New York was successfully onducted by Assistant Attorney General Whitney in the Supreme Court of the Dis-

trict of Columbia.

And so, when the other income tax cases were to come up before the United States Supreme Court on the question of their advancement on the docket, the General, after a conference with the treaspresent to the court the views of the de-

On appearing at the court Mr. Whitney, it is said, was informed by Mr. Maxwell that he had conferred with the Attorney General and the Secretary of the Treasury, and without further words made a motion to advance the case on the docket, thereby assuming charge in disregard of the Attorney General's instructions and wishes that Mr. Whitney should conduct the Later on, it is stated, Mr. Olney be

came aware that Mr. Maxwell had not consulted Secretary Carlisle in regard to the case, and, further, that the Secretary of the Treasury had not seen Mr. Maxwell but once in a long time, and on that occasion the subject was not mentioned. Knowing that he himself had not con-sulted with the solicitor general, the Attorney General wrote him a letter, setting forth these and other things deemed objectionable, and Mr. Maxwell's resignation

A Fatal Explosion. PITTSBURG, February 2.-There has een an explosion at the Westinghouse

electric works at Brinton. Several are re-

Bill for Divorce A bill for divorce was filed today by Mrs. L. Ward against James L. Ward. The papers in the case were withheld from publication, being placed "in the cupboard," as the safe of the clerk of the court is

The President has appreved the act authorizing the Laporte, Houston and Northern Railroad Company to construct a bridge across Galveston bay, Buffalo bayou and Clear creek, in the state of Texas, and the joint resolution to provide for the expenditure of the appropriation heretofore made for the dredging of Everett harbor.

Sergt. Daniel W. Peters of the signal corps, on duty in this city, has been placed on the retired list of the army on his own

application. Death of Mrs. Yeatman. The death of Mrs. Emily J. Yeatman, the wife of William S. Yeatman, the disbursing

officer of the War Department, occurred yesterday at her late residence, 505 2d street northwest. Funeral services will be storm in Petersburg this week, and it has suggested to one clergyman the theme for a special sermon tomorrow—"The Voice of God in the Snowstorm."

Range of the Thermometer.

The following were the readings of the thermometer at the weather bureau today: 8 a.m., 29; 2 p.m., 32; maximum, 32; minimum, 28.

**West End, 110 bid, 112 asked. Traders', 102 bid, 130 asked. Ohio, 65 bid, 75 asked.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe Deposit and Trust, 125 bid, 130 asked. Washington Loan and Trust, 117½ bid, 118¼ asked. American Security and Trust, 133¾ bid, 135 asked. Washington Safe Deposit, 98 asked.

Rallroad Stocks.—Washington and Georgetown, 275 Jidd, 285 asked. Metropolitan, 75 asked. Columbia, 65 asked. Belt, 25 asked. Eckington, 30 bid. Georgetown and Tennallytown, 35 asked.

Gas and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Gas, and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Ga bid. Lincoln, 100 bid, 104 asked. Ohio, 65 held Monday morning at 11 o'clock at t